

Unity and Interoperability Among Decentralized Systems

Chris Gebhardt

**The InfoCentral Project
<https://infocentral.org>**

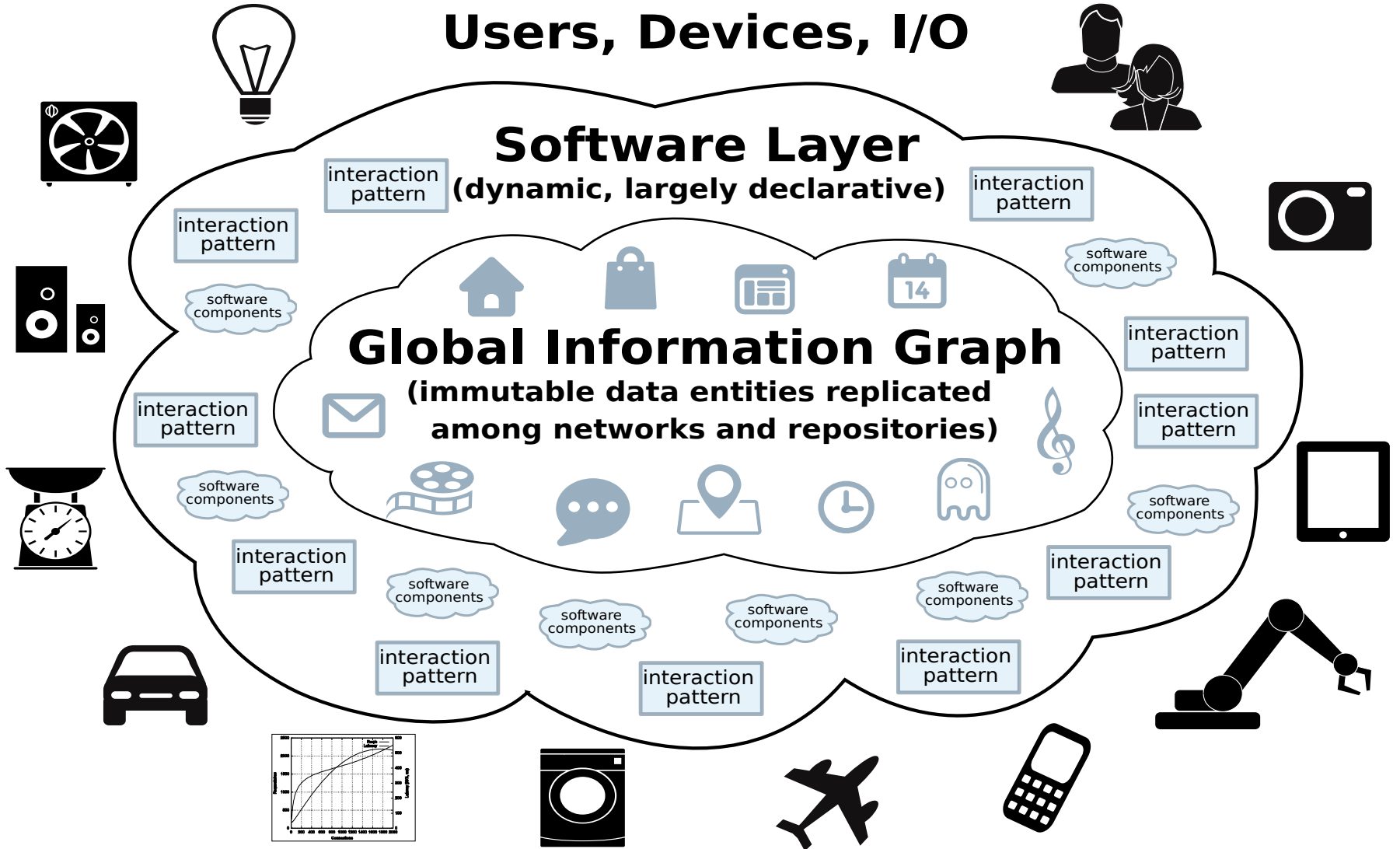
Users, Devices, I/O

Software Layer

(dynamic, largely declarative)

Global Information Graph

(immutable data entities replicated among networks and repositories)



Project Inspirations..

- Information-Centric Networking
- Semantic Web
- Pervasive Computing
- Programmable UIs

Project Philosophy

1. Decentralize Information
2. Let software and networks evolve around it
3. Same data, Compete on QoS

Unifying Architecture

Multi-disciplinary approach..

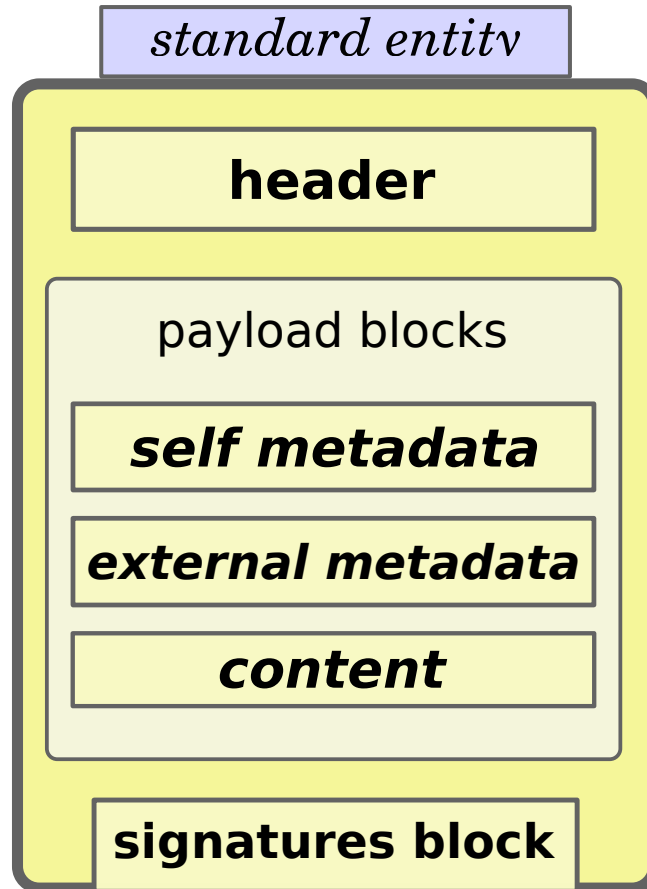
- ◆ Data Architecture
- ◆ Information Architecture
- ◆ Software Architecture
- ◆ Network Architecture

Prioritize clean separation of concerns..

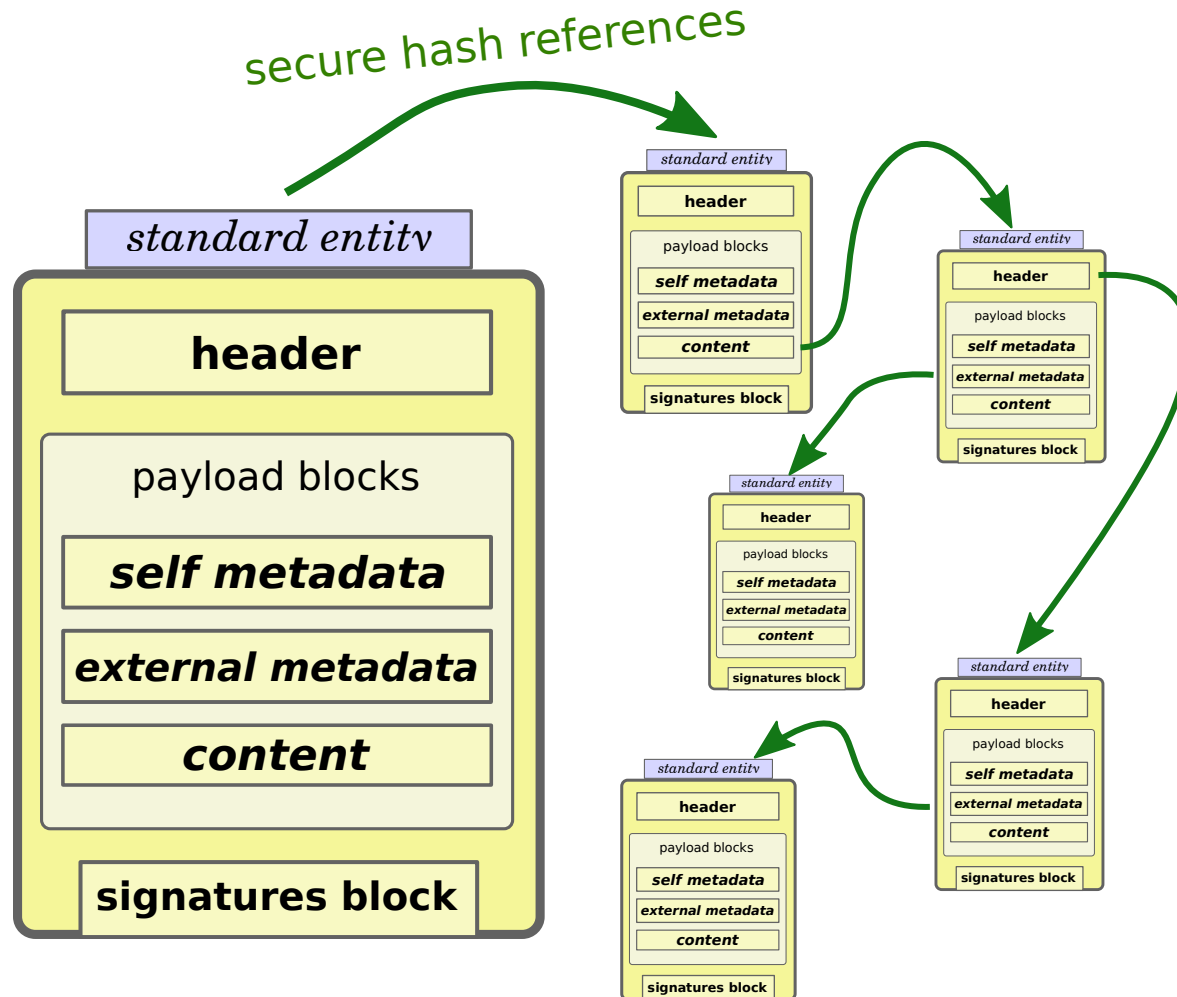
InfoCentral Persistent Data Model

- Everything is immutable
- Reference only via cryptographic hash
- Payload encryption and signing
- Versioning and annotation

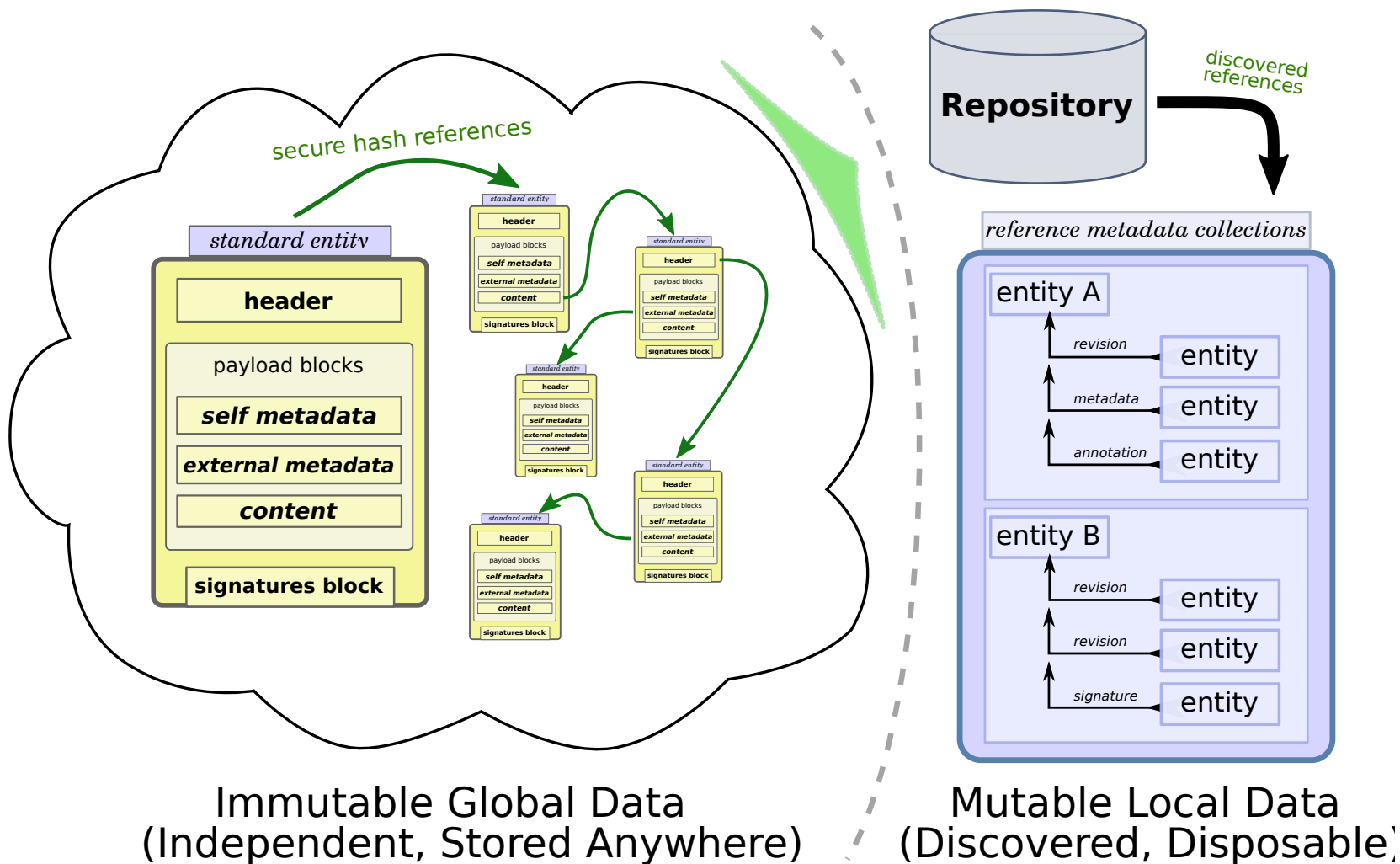
InfoCentral Standard Data Entity



Data Entities Hash-reference Other Entities



Networks Collect and Propagate References



Reference collection

Known hash aliases
for an entity:

Entity Hash Value
SHA2-256

Entity Hash Value
SHA3-512

reference metadata collection

entry

ref: [doc A HID]
type: doc revision

entry

ref: [doc B HID]
type: doc revision

entry

ref: [annotation HID]
type: annotation

HID = Hash ID

Network services compete on QoS

- Raw data entity storage
- Entity hash dereferencing
- Reference collection, propagation, and notification

Private Servers

Blockchains

DHTs

Federated

P2P

Community Servers

Gossip protocols

Cloud

App-Free Computing: No bounds

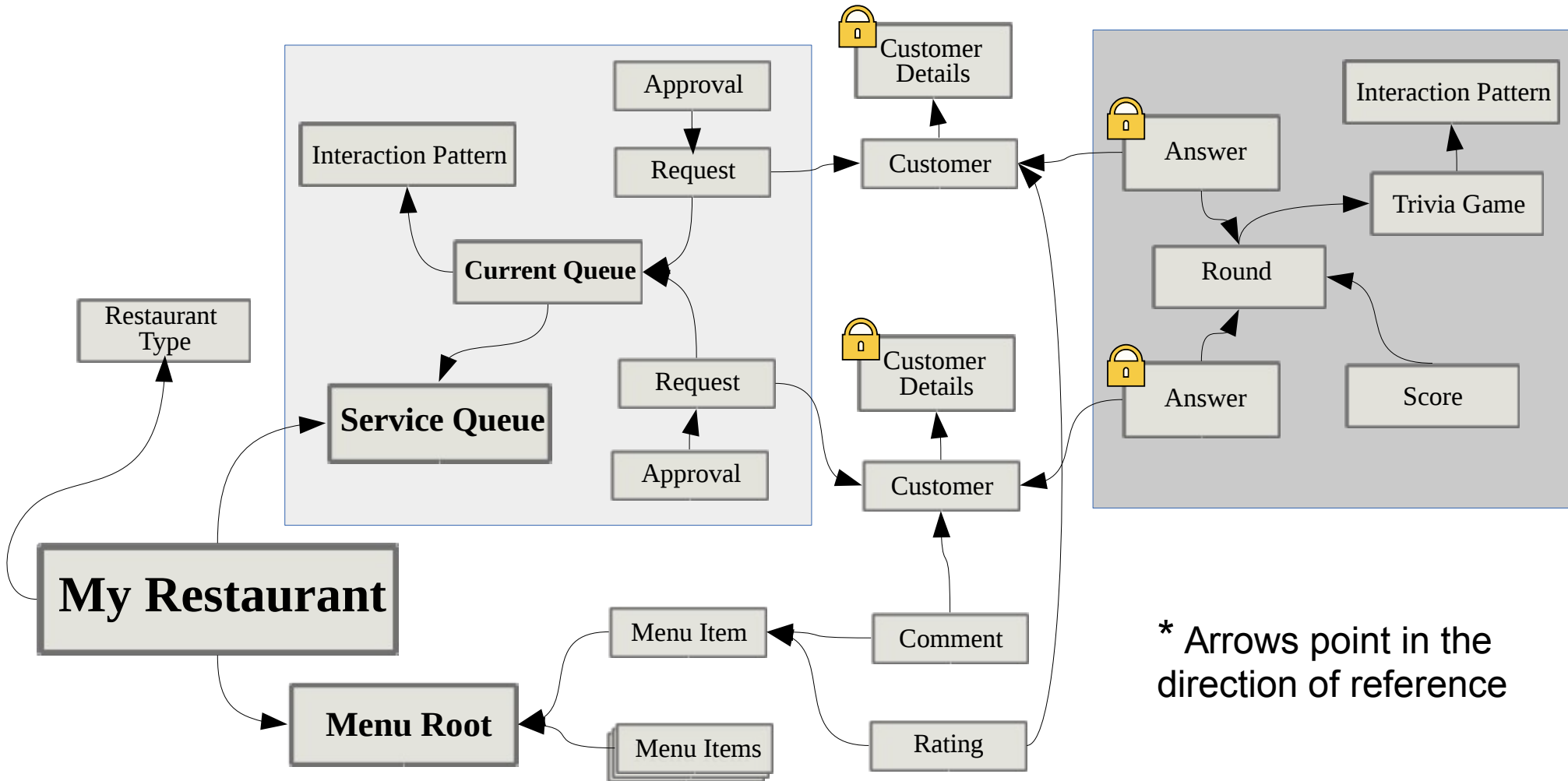
- **Applications**

- Static, pre-designed, pre-packaged interactions
- UI concerns baked in
- User removed from backing data

- **Interaction Patterns**

- Contracts for interaction over **open graph data**
- Dynamic local-rendered UI – not pre-designed
- User may work close to the data

Open Collaboration over Graph Data



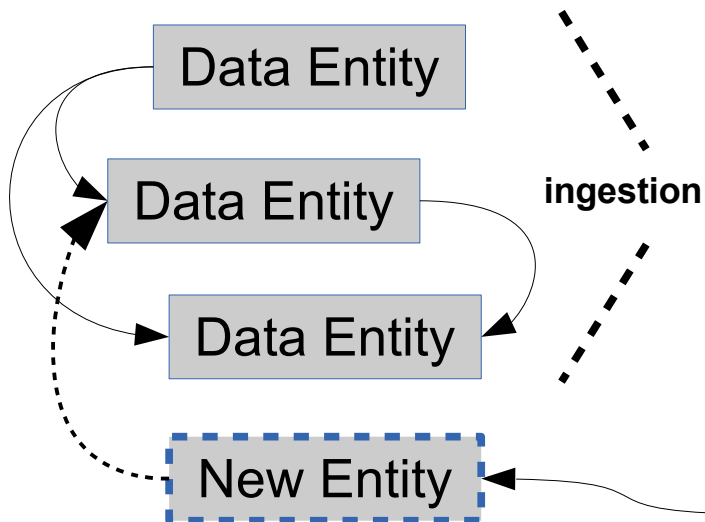
No more fragile APIs..

Shared semantic data is the universal interface for composing systems.

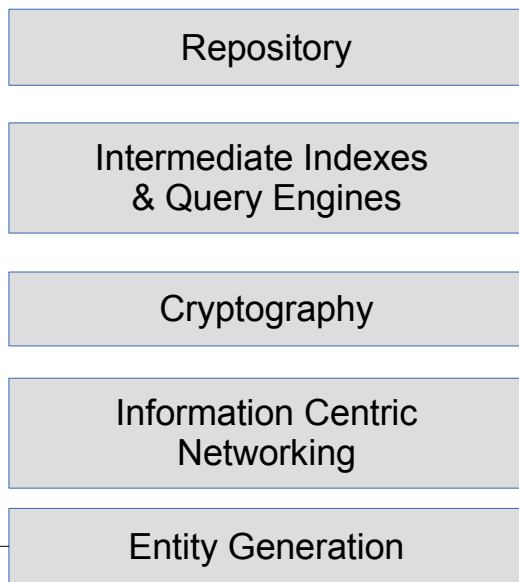
All users and software operate over the immutable (append-only) data graph.

InfoCentral Core Components

Persistent Data Model

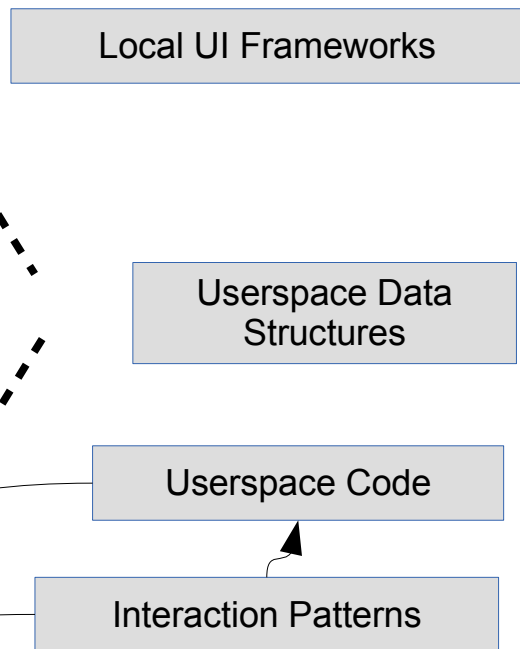


DMF Components



Data Management Foundation

selective ingestion



Information Environment

Early Applications

- Collaborative hypertext
- Document & media management
- Archival systems
- Scalable structured discourse

Q&A

Differences w/Semantic Web?

- Same: Most of abstract semantic graph model **but..**
- Different data model:
 - SW: named mutable documents (HTTP)
 - IC: hash-only immutable entities (agnostic)
- Different network assumptions:
 - SW: Host-based, Web APIs
 - ex. notification of doc update by push API
 - IC: Content-based, Direct interaction over graph
 - ex. PubSub notification of new references

Controversial Architectural Positions

- No human-meaningful naming of data
 - secure hash references only
 - no paths
- Considered harmful:
 - filesystems
 - embedded markup (use external annotations)